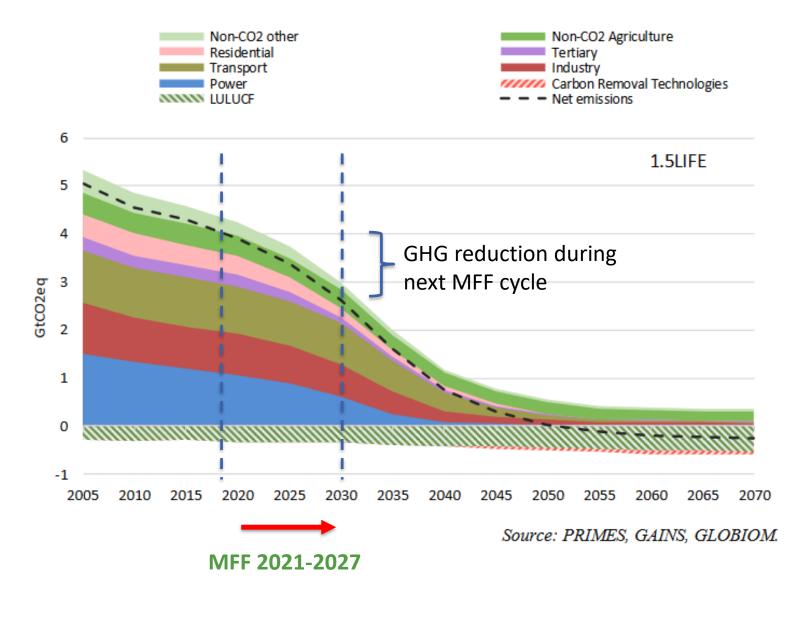
EC, Nov. 2018: 'A European long-term strategic vision for a prosperous, modern, competitive and climate neutral economy'





Annual financing from EU sources in climate action relevant sectors; annual averages, billion Euro, % of total; 2018 prices EEA, 0.28, 0.14% EBRD, 9.50, 5% **EU public banks MFF - Cohesion Policy** European Investment Bank ERDF, 32.29, 16% European Fund for Regional Development European Bank for Reconstruction Cohesion Fund and Development **European Social Fund** CF, 6.71, 3.39% EIB, 60, 30% ESF+, 14.43, 7% JTF, 0.69, 0.35% ModF, 1.03, 0.52% EAGF, 40.86, 21% **ETS funds** InnF, 1.10, 0.56% Modernisation Fund Innovation Fund HorEur, MFF – centrally 13.43, 7% LIFE, 0.78, 0.39% EAFRD, managed funds InvestEU, 2.10, 1.06% **MFF – Common Agricultural Policy** L1.29.6% Connecting Europe Facility: CEF D, 0.43, 0.22%_ European Agricultural Guarantee Fund - Energy/Transport/Digital CEF E, 1.24, 0.63% European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development InvestEU CEF T, 1.83, 0.92% Horizon Europe

LIFE



An EU Budget to address the Climate Emergency: How to fund a Green New Deal for Europe

Brussels, 15 October 2019



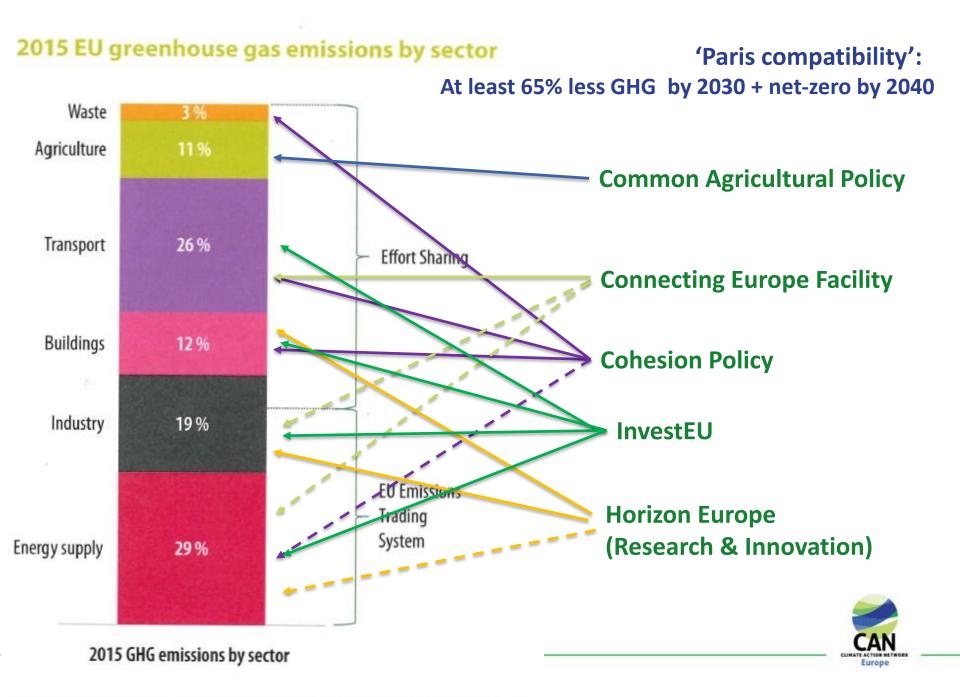
EU funds for climate neutrality Programming the Ecological Transition

Markus Trilling Climate Action Network (CAN) Europe Finance and Subsidies Policy Coordinators markus@caneurope.org www.caneurope.org "Making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development"

- Paris Agreement, Article 2.1c







Source: European Environment Agency, EEA greenhouse gas — data viewer, 2017.

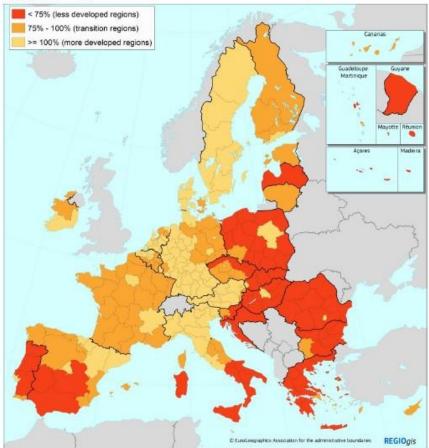
Cohesion Policy - Programming the Ecological Transition

- Cohesion Policy funding: How much money is it? Who gets it?
- What can be finance with EU funds?
- How is it linked to 2030 targets and NECPs?
- How can civil society get involved in priorities of future EU spending



GDP/head (PPS) by NUTS2 region, average 2014-15-16

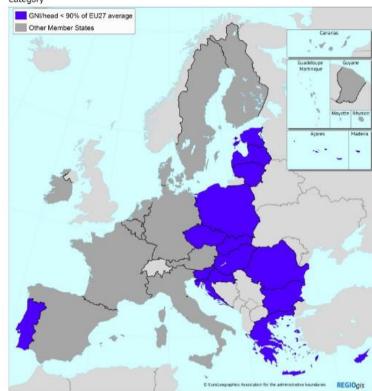
Index, EU-27 = 100



	LD	TR	MD
Allocation (EUR bns 2018 prices)	198.6	45.9	34.8
Population (MM inhab)	123.6	112.5	208.4

Cohesion Fund eligibility 2021-2027

Category



	LD
Allocation (EUR bns 2018 prices)	41.3
Population (MM inhab)	126.2



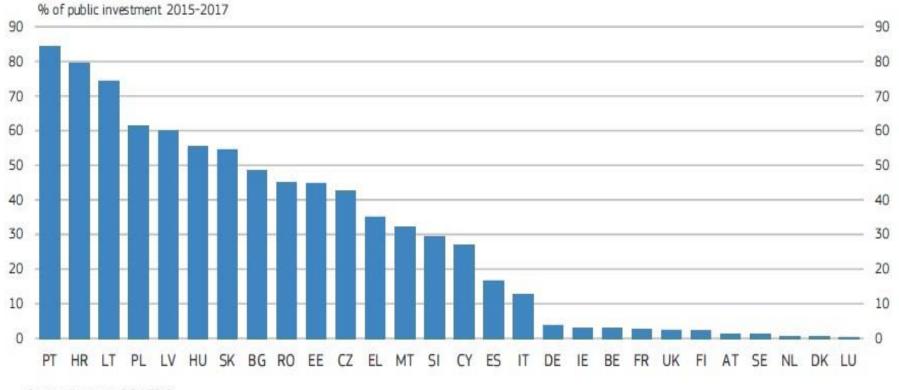
National
envelopes
Cohesion
Policy

	2018 prices	Current prices
BE	2 443 732 247	2 754 198 305
BG	8 929 511 492	10 081 635 710
CZ	17 848 116 938	20 115 646 252
DK	573 517 899	646 380 972
DE	15 688 212 843	17 681 335 291
EE	2 914 906 456	3 285 233 245
IE	1 087 980 532	1 226 203 951
EL	19 239 335 692	21 696 841 512
ES	34 004 950 482	38 325 138 562
FR	16 022 440 880	18 058 025 615
HR	8 767 737 011	9 888 093 817
IT	38 564 071 866	43 463 477 430
CY	877 368 784	988 834 854
LV	4 262 268 627	4 812 229 539
LT	5 642 442 504	6 359 291 448
LU	64 879 682	73 122 377
HU	17 933 628 471	20 247 570 927
MT	596 961 418	672 802 893
NL	1 441 843 260	1 625 023 473
AT	1 279 708 248	1 442 289 880
PL	64 396 905 118	72 724 130 923
PT	21 171 877 482	23 861 676 803
RO	27 203 590 880	30 765 592 532
SI	3 073 103 392	3 463 528 447
SK	11 779 580 537	13 304 565 383
FI	1 604 638 379	1 808 501 037
SE	2 141 077 508	2 413 092 535

Country	2021-	2014-	Absolute	Relative
	2027	2020	change	change
			(euro	<u>(%)</u>
			billions)	
POLAND	64.4	83.9	-19.5	-23.3
HUNGARY	17.9	23.6	-5.7	-24
CZECH	17.8	23.5	-5.6	-24
GERMANY	15.7	19.8	-4.1	-20.6
SLOVAKIA	11.8	15.1	-3.3	-21.7
LITHUANIA	5.6	7.4	-1.8	-24
PORTUGAL	21.2	22.8	-1.6	-7
ESTONIA	2.9	3.8	-0.9	-24
FRANCE	16	16.9	-0.9	-5.4
LATVIA	4.3	4.9	-0.6	-13
CROATIA	8.8	9.3	-0.5	-5.5
SLOVENIA	3.1	3.4	-0.3	-9.2
MALTA	0.6	0.8	-0.2	-24
IRELAND	1.1	1.2	-0.2	-12.6
SWEDEN	2.1	2.1	0	0
NETHERLANDS	1.4	1.4	0	0
AUSTRIA	1.3	1.3	0	0
DENMARK	0.6	0.6	0	0
LUXEMBOURG	0.1	0.1	0	0
CYPRUS	0.9	0.9	0	1.8
BELGIUM	2.4	2.4	0.1	0
FINLAND	1.6	1.5	0.1	5.1
BULGARIA	8.9	8.3	0.7	8
GREECE	19.2	17.8	1.4	8
SPAIN	34	32.4	1.6	5
ROMANIA	27.2	25.2	2	8
ITALY	38.6	36.2	2.3	6.4



Share of European Structural and Investment Funds in public investment 2015-2017 in %



Source: Eurostat, DG REGIO



Policy objectives Cohesion Policy (PO)

(1) a **smarter Europe** by promoting innovative and smart economic transformation;

(2) a **greener, low-carbon Europe** by promoting clean and fair energy transition, green and blue investment, the circular economy, climate adaptation and risk prevention and management;

(3) a more **connected Europe** by enhancing mobility and regional ICT connectivity;

(4) a more **social Europe** implementing the European Pillar of Social Rights;

(5) a **Europe closer to citizens** by fostering the sustainable and integrated development of urban ('SECAPs!'), rural and coastal areas and local initiatives.



Specific objectives for the ERDF and the Cohesion Fund

(b) 'a greener, low-carbon Europe by promoting clean and fair energy transition, green and blue investment, the circular economy, climate adaptation and risk prevention and management ('PO 2') by:

(i) promoting energy efficiency measures;

(ii) promoting renewable energy;

(iii) developing smart energy systems, grids and storage at local level;

(iv) promoting climate change adaptation, risk prevention and disaster resilience;

(v) promoting sustainable water management;

(vi) promoting the transition to a circular economy;

(vii) enhancing biodiversity, green infrastructure in the urban environment, and reducing pollution;

(viii) Sustainable Urban Mobility

Thematic concentration of ERDF support:

- 30% for 'PO 2' in 'less developed' and 'transition' regions
- 0% 25%/30% for 'PO 2' in 'more developed'

... for the Just Transition ...

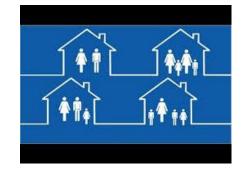
- + Support for business, SMEs,
- innovation (PO1)
- + workforce development (PO4)
- + community lead bottomapproaches (PO5)



The beneficiaries







AUTHORITY





FORMS OF FINANCE

- Grants
- Support through financial instruments: equity or quasi-equity, loan, guarantee
- Prize



COMMUNITY LED LOCAL DEVELOPMENT (CLLD)

- CLLD focused on sustainable urban development, including:
 - Urban neighbourhoods
 - Cities, towns and suburbs
 - Functional urban areas
- SECAPs Sustainable Energy and Climate Plans Covenant of Mayors
- ✓ Just Transition plans and strategies

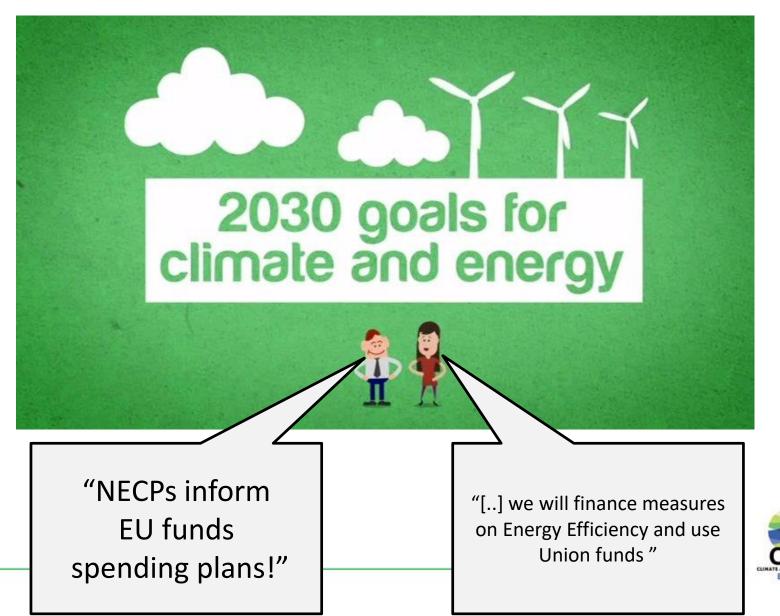


TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

- Information and communication
- Preparation, implementation, monitoring and control
- Evaluation and studies, data collection
- Reinforcement of the capacity of Member State authorities, beneficiaries and relevant partners



The EU's 2030 climate and energy framework: Opportunity or threat?



Cohesion Po	Cohesion Policy funding 2014 - 2020; planned allocations; data reported for 2018; source: own calculation based on 'Categories of Intervention', https://cohesiondata.ec.europa.eu						
	EU funds - financial allocations in relation to climate and energy'						
Planned EU funds 2014-2020	GHG emissions removals (environmental measures)	Renewable Energy (wind, solar, biomass, hydro, geo & RES integration)	Energy Efficiency (housing, public buildings, SMEs and large entreprises)	Fossil Gas infrastructure (TEN-E and other)	Electricity infrastructure (transmission, distribution, storage, 'smart girds'; TEN-E and other)	Research & innovation, technology transfer and cooperation in entreprises focusing on the low-carbon economy	Share on total ERDF/CF: GHG reduction, renewable energy, energy efficiency, electricity infrastructure, research and innovation
AT	€25,326,771	€0	€102,550,607	€0	€0	€12,350,000	26.2%
BE	€0	€20,131,102	€85,225,862	€0	€0	€10,429,989	12.2%
BG	€62,336,199	€0	€442,582,730	€38,250,000	€0	€14,195,000	8.9%
CY	€0	€0	€57,000,000	€0	€0	€0	9.6%
CZ	€0	€148,519,176	€1,642,654,397	€0	€195,651,838	€108,834,504	11.6%
DE	€126,769,078	€119,139,801	€1,383,974,006	€0	€45,152,495	€243,341,303	17.8%
DK	€0	€0	€41,451,729	€0	€0	€11,469,870	25.6%
EE	€0	€10,155,884	€277,183,028	€0	€0	€27,957,644	10.8%
ES	€0	€899,266,455	€1,670,192,040	€0	€11,885,068	€0	12.5%
FI	€0	€6,984,321	€57,320,574	€0	€2,004,863	€58,159,922	15.7%
FR	€13,836,498	€375,908,581	€777,497,855	€0	€20,880,497	€117,118,729	15.6%
GR	€58,377,518	€137,191,364	€648,006,029	€146,229,732	€230,841,413	€28,298,097	9.3%
HR	€0	€95,000,000	€321,810,805	€0	€20,000,000	€40,000,000	7.0%
HU	€0	€642,116,565	€1,359,401,885	€0	€0	€0	11.9%
IE	€0	€0	€84,500,000	€0	€0	€0	20.6%
IT	€17,245,144	€230,778,825	€1,461,995,099	€0	€385,190,560	€0	9.8%
LT	€0	€246,207,798	€507,557,280	€70,583,163	€103,394,346	€0	15.4%
LU	€0	€1,805,376	€3,610,915	€0	€0	€360,192	29.7%
LV	€0	€26,597,247	€365,100,276	€17,727,941	€23,629,687	€0	11.1%
MT	€11,900,000	€31,127,364	€26,895,116	€0	€0	€0	11.6%
NL	€0	€12,532,607	€56,658,971	€0	€1,881,392	€50,264,470	23.8%
PL	€11,849,690	€1,068,213,435	€2,606,859,569	€620,000,000	€733,718,969	€471,082,319	7.7%
PT	€17,000,000	€161,000,000	€662,676,924	€0	€0	€255,854,407	8.0%
RO	€0	€94,787,234	€1,186,170,213	€46,750,000	€66,372,340	€15,000,000	7.8%
SE	€1,450,102	€5,120,358	€87,327,259	€0	€0	€74,108,529	18.0%
SI	€0	€41,340,000	€220,213,527	€0	€19,897,800	€53,289,261	14.4%
SK	€0	€167,981,020	€698,775,034	€0	€0	€8,358,341	7.7%
тс	€88,032,667	€136,301,834	€283,151,472	€150	€32,265,202	€158,209,477	7.5%
UK	€0	€357,944,885	€355,192,053	€0	€79,802,949	€266,416,642	18.1%
TOTAL	€434,123,667	€5,036,151,232	€17,473,535,254	€939,540,986	€1,972,569,419	€2,025,098,696	10.3%







INVESTMENT GUIDANCE ON COHESION POLICY FUNDING 2021-2027 FOR SPAIN

- Policy Objective 2: A low carbon and greener Europe Clean and fair energy transition, green and blue investment, circular economy, climate adaptation and risk prevention
- The 2016 and 2017 figures show an increase in energy consumption, in particular in industry and buildings. High priority investment needs are therefore identified **to promote energy efficiency**, and in particular to:
- accelerate the **energy efficient renovation of the building stock** (including public buildings and small and medium-sized enterprises), prioritising the renovation of residential buildings and focusing on the **energy poor**;
- promote small-scale infrastructure and access to small grids with cross-border regions.
- The electricity interconnection level of Spain was 6% in 2017. Priority investment needs are identified to promote smart energy systems at local level and in particular to:
- deploy **smart electricity distribution grids and storage solutions** linked to demand and supply planning, also in a cross border-context.
- The increase of the renewable energy share in Spain has visibly slowed down between 2014 and 2017. Priority investments needs are therefore identified to promote renewable energy and in particular :
- foster the deployment of small-scale renewable electricity capacities owned by energy communities, small and medium sized enterprises or individual energy consumers;
- promote the transition to **renewables in heating and cooling**;
- support renewable energy technologies that are close to market or not yet widely deployed.



INVESTMENT GUIDANCE ON COHESION POLICY FUNDING 2021-2027 FOR GERMANY

- Policy Objective 5 A Europe closer to citizens by fostering the sustainable and integrated development of urban, rural and coastal areas and local initiatives
- Germany is facing structural transition challenges in the coal mining regions as a result of the planned phasing out of coal. Investment needs have been identified to 'foster integrated social, economic and environmental local development, cultural heritage and security, including for rural and coastal areas also through community-led local development', and in particular to:
- develop coal regions, managing structural change in order to increase attractiveness for enterprises and the workforce, complementing the EU Coal Regions Initiative.

hps://ec.europa.eu/info/publications/2019-european-semester-country-reports_en



PROGRAMMING

• The **principles and priorities of cohesion policy** are distilled through a process of consultation between the Commission and the EU countries.

•Each Member State produces a **Partnership Agreement**, which outlines the country's strategy and proposes a list of programmes.

• In addition to this Member States also present **operational programmes (OP)** which cover entire Member States and or regions. **OP contains regional or sectoral objectives, measures and financial allocations**. The programmes present the priorities of the country and/or regions or the cooperation area concerned.

• The Commission negotiates with the national authorities on the final content of the Partnership Agreement, as well as each **programme**.

• Workers, employers and civil society bodies can all participate in the programming and management of the OPs.



https://ec.europa.eu/regional_policy/en/policy/how/stages-step-by-step/

PARTNERSHIP

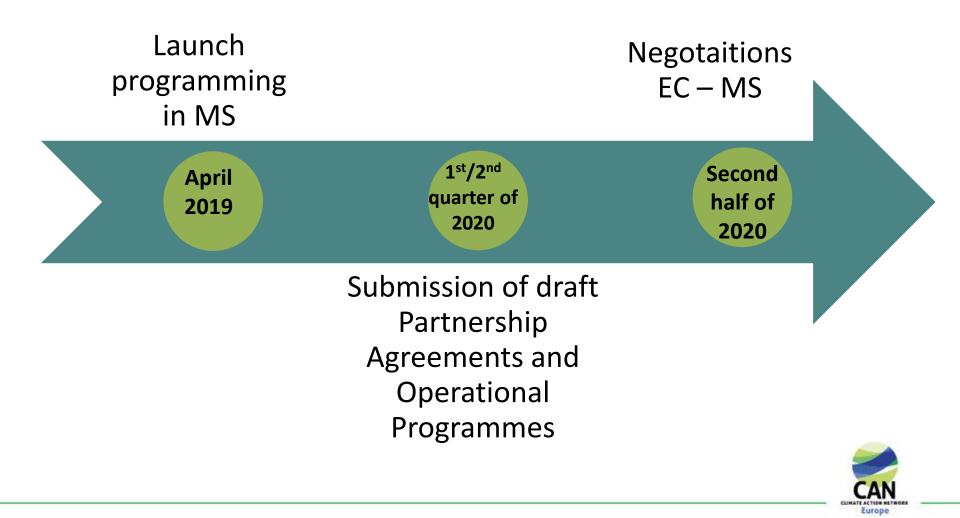
Member States are required to:

- Ensure that partners are involved in all stages of the process, from planning to evaluation
- Be transparent in the selection of partners
- Provide sufficient information to partners and give them sufficient time to make their voice heard in the consultation process
- Support capacity building of partners
- Create platforms for mutual learning and exchange of good practice



https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32014R0240&from=EN

Programming timetable



Possible involvement

- Formulate investment areas and investment needs embracing possible elements sectoral or regional decarbonization of transformation agendas.
- Formulate EU funding requirements in combination with your NECP assessment.
- Ask for 'Just Transition-strategies'.
- Send it to Government and DG Regio.



COHESION POLICY FUNDS

BEST USED TO GREEN THE ECONOMY

#EUBudget4Climate





Thank you!

Supported by:

Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety



based on a decision of the German Bundestag

The European Climate Initiative (EUKI) is a project financing instrument by the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety (BMU). Its implementation is supported by the Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH. It is the overarching goal of the EUKI to foster climate cooperation within the European Union (EU) in order to mitigate greenhouse gas emissions.

The opinions put forward during this event are the sole responsibility of CAN Europe and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety or of the project partners.



Climate Action Network (CAN) Europe is Europe's leading NGO coalition fighting dangerous climate change.

With over 160 member organisations from 35 European countries, representing over 1.500 NGOs and more than 40 million citizens, CAN Europe promotes sustainable climate, energy and development policies throughout Europe.